

Udaaharan A - Code of Conduct Bill

kaise kaam kar sakta hai:

Shikaayat darj karna - Ek chintit naagrik "Litia" ne Police Commissioner "Jones" ke khilaaf shikaayat ki hai ki unhone apni patni "Gina" ki niyukti police station mein karke aachar sanhita ka ullanghan kiya hai, kyunki yeh conflict of interest ka maamla hai. "Litia" ne yeh shikaayat ATC ko saumpi hai.

Jaanch shuru hoti hai - ATC shikaayat ki samiksha karta hai, sambandhit dastaavez ikattha karta hai aur sabhi aavashyak pakshon, jinmein Police Commissioner "Jones" bhi shaamil hain, se puuchtaach karta hai. Jin bhi saarvajanik agencies ke paas sambandhit jaankaari ho, unhein woh aayog ko pradaan karni hogi, aur yadi ve inkaar karein, to uske liye unke paas kanuuni aadhar hona aavashyak hai.

Suuchna dene waale ki suraksha - "Litia" ki pehchaan gopniya rakhi jaati hai aur use kisi bhi prakaar ki pratishodh-aatmak kaaryavaahi se suraksha pradaan ki jaati hai.

Anushaasanaatmak kaaryavaahi - Yadi misconduct saabit hota hai, to ATC ek antim report Constitutional Offices Commission (Samvidhaanik Kaaryalaya Aayog) ko saumpata hai, jisne Police Commissioner "Jones" ki niyukti ki thi. Aachar sanhita ka ullanghan karne par "Jones" ko suspension (nilamban) ki avadhi bhugatni padh sakti hai ya unhein pad se hataaya bhi ja sakta hai.

Udaaharan B - Access to Information Bill (Suuchna tak Pahunch Vidheyak)

kaise kaam kar sakta hai:

Anurodh darj karna - "Laisa" ne MSAF se haal hi mein hui ek samudri suraksha nirikshan report ki jaankaari maangi hai.

Gairkaanuuni aswikriti - MSAF ne report dene se inkaar kar diya bina koi vaidh kaanuuni kaaran bataye.

Shikaayat darj karna - "Laisa" ne ATC ko ek shikaayat saumpi, jismein usne tark diya ki MSAF dwaara jaankaari dene se inkaar karna Suuchna Adhiniyam ka ullanghan hai.

Shikaayat nivaaran shuru hota hai - ATC maamle ki samiksha karta hai taaki yeh sunishchit kiya ja sake ki MSAF kaanuun ka paalan kar raha hai aur maangi gayi jaankaari pradaan kar raha hai, jab tak ki koi vaidh apvaad lagu na ho.

Jawaabdehi upaay - Yadi MSAF ne adhiniyam ka ullanghan kiya hai, to ATC is maamle ko sambandhit anushaasanaatmak nikaay ko report karta hai aur MSAF ko sudhaaraatmak kaaryavaahi karne ka nirdesh deta hai. Ismein "Laisa" ko maangi gayi jaankaari anushaasanaatmak nikaay dwaara nirdhaarit samay siima ke bhiitar pradaan karna shaamil hai. Yadi MSAF aisa karne mein asafal rehta hai, to uske kartavyon ke ullanghan ke liye aage ki karyavaahi ki ja sakti hai.

KANUUNI SUDHAARON KI SAMAJH: SHAASAN AUR PAARDARSHITA KO SUDRIDH BANAANA

- Code of Conduct Bill
- Accountability and Transparency Commission Bill
- Access to Information Bill

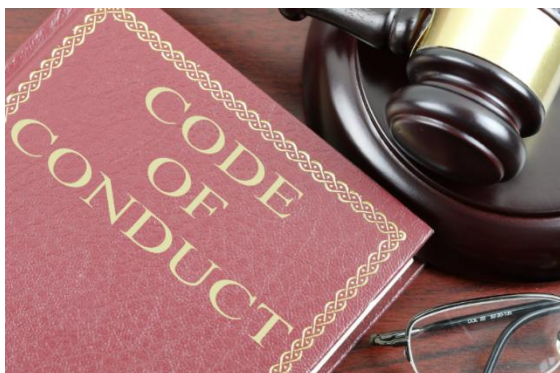


Code of Conduct Bill (Aachar Sanhita Vidheyak) kyun aavashyak hai?

Samvidhaan ka Adhyaay 8 yeh anivaarya karta hai ki ek likhit kaanuun banaaya jaaye, jo Raashtropati, Sabhaapati, Pradhanmantri, Mantrigan aur Saansadon sahit pramukh sarkari padadhikaariyon ke liye aachar sanhita sthaapit kare.

2013 Samvidhaan ke aane ke baad se ab tak koi spasht aachar sanhita laagu nahi ki gayi hai, jo Accountability and Transparency Commission (Jawaabdehi aur Paardarshita Aayog) (ATC) ke maadhyam se sarkar ki jawaabdehi sunishchit kar sake.

Yeh bill sarkar ke kaaryapaalika, nyaayapaalika, padadhikaari aur saansadon ke liye ek aachar sanhita prastut karta hai, jo nirdhaarit ullanghanon ke liye anupaalan aur jawaabdehi sunishchit karta hai.



Information Act (Suuchna Adhiniyam) mein sanshodhan kyun aavashyak hai?

Suuchna Adhiniyam mein prastaavit sanshodhanon ka uddeshya suuchna tak pahunch ke adhikaar ko sudridh banaana hai. Mukhya parivartan is prakaar hain:

Pahunch - Kisi bhi vyakti ko—chahe uski ruuchi, saaksharta, naagrikta ya nivaas ki sthiti kuch bhi ho—saarvajanik agencies se jaankaari maangne ka adhikaar praapt hoga.

Fees hataana - Jaankari ke liye aavedan karne par koi fees nahi li jaayegi, keval pratilipi aur vitran se sambandhit vajib kharch hi liya jaayega.

Sakriya prakashan - Dhaara 35 ke anusaar, saarvajanik agencies ko apni jaankaari ka svaprerit rupa se khulaasa karna anivaarya hoga.

Pratibandhon ko hataana - Suuchna tak pahunch ko siimit karne wale kuch kaanuunon ko radd ya sanshodhit kiya jaayega.

Paardarshi nirnay prakriya - Yeh sunishchit kiya jaayega ki jaankaari dene se inkaar sirf nirdhaarit kaanuuni pravadhyaanon ke aadhar par hi kiya jaaye, jinko saarvajanik hit ko praathmikta dete hue nazarandaaz bhi kiya ja sakta hai.

Record rakhna - Saarvajanik agencies ke liye record banaaye rakhna anivaarya hoga, aur ATC ko Adhiniyam ke kriyaanvayan par vaarshik report prastut karni hogi.

ATC ko sashakt banaana

Prastaavit ATC Bill ka uddeshya ATC ko is prakaar sashakt banaana hai ki wah Code of Conduct Bill aur Information Act ke ullanghanon se sambandhit shikaayat ko prabhaavi rupa se sambhaal sake. Mukhya pravadhyaanon mein shaamil hain:

Swatantrata - Yeh sunishchit kiya jaayega ki ATC sarkari hastaakshep se mukt hokar swatantr rupa se kaarya kare.

Shikaayat nivaaran - Shikaayat ke niptaare ke liye nyaayasanghat aur paardarshi prakriya sthaapit ki jaayegi, jismein jaanch karna aur anusahasanaatmak ya kanuuni kaaryavaahi karne wale vibhaagon ko report dena shaamil hoga.

Sahyog - Sarkari sansthaanon ke liye yeh anivaarya hoga ki ve jaanch ke liye aavashyak jaankaari pradaan kar puurn sahyog karein.

Shikaayatkartaaon ki suraksha - Shikaayat karne waalon aur suuchna dene waalon (whistleblowers) ko immunity (daayitva se mukti) pradaan karke aur unki pehchaan ko surakshit rakhkar, misconduct (kadaachaar) ki report karne ya jaankaari praapt karne ke dauraan unki suraksha sunishchit ki jaati hai.

Prastaavit draft bills yahaan dekhein:

www.parliament.gov.fj/bills/