

Ministry of Agriculture

ANNUAL REPORT 2016 (JAN-JULY)



Parliamentary Paper No. 82

CORPORATE PROFILE

VISION STATEMENT

To influence market forces through vibrant and sustainable agriculture activity that reduces poverty, reduces the risks of food insecurity and increases the contribution to GDP

MISSION STATEMENT

To excel in the provision of customer focused and market driven services in the agricultural sector

VALUES

- Good Governance
- Commitment
- Integrity
- Honesty
- Impartiality
- Professionalism
- Courtesy
- Partnership
- Equity
- Responsiveness
- Responsibility
- Innovation

THE FUNCTIONS OF THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE INCLUDES;

- To accelerate agricultural product diversification into crops and livestock products where competitive advantages have been identified;
- To facilitate private sector development;
- To promote food security; and
- To ensure sustainable development in the non-sugar sector

OUR CUSTOMERS

We take pride in serving our customers by implementing the 'Customer Service Charter' which sets out our commitment to providing high quality standards of services that is beyond customer expectations.

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MINISTER'S FOREWORD



Hon. Inia B. Seruiratu Minister for Agriculture, Rural & Maritime Development and National Disaster Management The Ministry of Agriculture is mandated to ensure accelerated growth of Fiji's Agriculture Sector, product diversification and identify competitive advantage and opportunities, facilitate public/ private sector engagement, promote food security and ensure sustainable livelihood for all Fijians. The Ministry's Annual Report present achievements of targeted outputs under these responsibilities.

It reports on committed Strategies, key actions and achievements of overall planned objectives in any fiscal year. This report only covers the first six months of 2016 calendar year which will highlight findings from TC Winston Damage assessment to Fiji's Agriculture Sector.

On Saturday February 20, 2016, Tropical Cyclone (TC) Winston, an extremely destructive Category 5 cyclone, struck Fiji. Experts call it the strongest storm to ever form in the Southern Hemisphere. The scale of destruction to the non-sugar agriculture sector was huge with the value of more than \$208M.

Agriculture suffered enormously as it records losses to most key crop commodities, livestock and infrastructure. As a result of TC Winston, the Ministry have to reorganise its plans and activities to ensure that its response and rehabilitation plan are implemented in a timely manner covering all affected Fijians.

Moving forward, the Ministry will continue to vigorously pursue its commitments and ensure that all its plans are risk informed and the sector is prepared for likely impacts of climate change.

Mr. Jaia B. Seruiratu / Minister for Agriculture, Rural and Maritime and National Disaster Management

ASSISTANT MINISTER'S STATEMENT



Hon. Joeli Cawaki Assistant Minister for Agriculture, Rural and Maritime Development and National Disaster Management



The 2016 Ministry of Agriculture Annual Report highlights the significance of planning and setting targets that can be achieved efficiently and effectively.

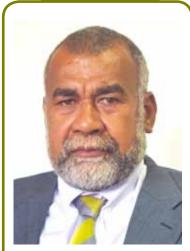
Even with the challenges faced by TC Winston, the Ministry still demonstrate the ability to cope by working towards their division's annual plan and achievements which contributed directly to the overall goal of the Ministry as well as to the strategic goals of Government in terms of increasing exports and reducing imports and ensuring food security for all Fijians.

Moreover, this report will inform government as well as stakeholders the Ministry's achievement and its importance towards our progress and also highlight the challenges we face in the first six months of 2016 [Jan-June].

To conclude, I would like to thank the hardworking staff of the Ministry for their continuous commitment and well-coordinated plan in rehabilitating Fiji Agriculture Sector post TC Winston.

Hon. Joeli Cawaki Assistant Minister for Agriculture, Rural and Maritime and National Disaster Management

PERMANENT SECRETARY'S STATEMENT



Mr. Uraia Waibuta Permanent Secretary for Agriculture

I am pleased to present the Ministry of Agriculture Annual Report for the first six months of 2016 [Jan-Jun] which highlights our commitment to our Mission and Vision.

Earlier this year the Ministry, like other sectors in Fiji was devastated by the effects of Tropical Cyclone Winston. This has forced the Ministry to re-align its work towards rehabilitation and restoring the capacity of Fiji's agriculture sector. According to findings our Detail Damage assessment, the overall damage to crops, livestock and infrastructure was enormous. Despite all that, the Ministry have intended to implement the targeted programs in the next financial year. However, it is uncertain that we will see a drop in the agricultural yield this year.

The Ministry has placed specific emphasis on rehabilitation work that will improve the sector and economy as whole. This will be the right direction towards achieving food security and nutrition. This annual report is aimed at informing all Fijians and stakeholders about the achievements of the Ministry.

To conclude, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to all staff of the Ministry for their enormous contribution and continuous support in this first six months that has enable us to deliver timely response to rehabilitating Fijians.

Mr. Uraia Waibuta Permanent Secretary for Agriculture



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LEGISLATED FUNCTIONS

The Ministry derived its core mandate from the Presidential Decree 2007 and is currently responsible for about 28 legislations. It is envisaged that all the acts specified under the ministerial assignment must be reviewed and ensured that there is no conflict between policy interpretations of existing acts.

STATUTORY FUNCTIONS

The Ministry's functions include;

- To accelerate agricultural product diversification on crops and livestock products where
- competitive advantage has been identified;
- To facilitate private sector development;
- To promote food security; and
- To ensure sustainable development in the non-sugar sector.

LEGISLATIONS & REGULATIONS

The Ministry of Agriculture is guided in its daily operations by the following legislations and regulations:

Table 1: Legislations and Regulations of the Ministry



Agricultural Land & Tenant Act (Cap.270)	15	Fruit Export and Marketing Act (Cap 154)
Agriculture Marketing Authority Act (2004)	16	Ginger Council of Fiji Act 1996
Animals (Control of Experiment) Act (Cap.161)	17	Goat (Ear marks) Act (Cap 164)
Banana Export and Marketing Act (Cap 155)	18	Irrigation Act (Cap 144 A)
Birds and Game Protection Act (Cap 170)	19	Land Conservation and Improvement Act (Cap 141)
Brands Act (Cap 163)	20	Meat Industry Act (Cap 137)
Coconut Industry Development Authority Act 1998	21	Pesticide Act (Cap 157)
Cooperative Dairy Companies Act (Cap 119)	22	Pound Act (Cap 165)
Copra Industry Loans Act (Cap 153)	23	Protection of Animals Act (Cap 169)
Crop Lients Act (Cap 226)	24	Rewa Rice Limited Decree 1991
Dairies Act (Cap 118)	25	Stock Improvement Act (Cap 162)
Dogs Act (Cap 168)	26	Trespass of Animal Act (Cap 166)
Drainage Act (Cap 143)	27	Veterinary Surgeons Act (Cap 257)
Fencing Act (Cap 167)	28	Promulgation of Biosecurity Act 2008
	Agriculture Marketing Authority Act (2004) Animals (Control of Experiment) Act (Cap.161) Banana Export and Marketing Act (Cap 155) Birds and Game Protection Act (Cap 170) Brands Act (Cap 163) Coconut Industry Development Authority Act 1998 Cooperative Dairy Companies Act (Cap 119) Copra Industry Loans Act (Cap 153) Crop Lients Act (Cap 226) Dairies Act (Cap 118) Dogs Act (Cap 168) Drainage Act (Cap 143)	Agriculture Marketing Authority Act (2004)16Animals (Control of Experiment) Act (Cap.161)17Banana Export and Marketing Act (Cap 155)18Birds and Game Protection Act (Cap 170)19Brands Act (Cap 163)20Coconut Industry Development Authority Act 199821Cooperative Dairy Companies Act (Cap 119)22Copra Industry Loans Act (Cap 153)23Crop Lients Act (Cap 118)25Dogs Act (Cap 163)26Drainage Act (Cap 143)27

MINISTRY'S OUTPUT LINKAGE TO PCCPP PRIORITIES

This Annual Report presents the Ministry of Agriculture's achievements for the fiscal year ending July, 2016. It reports on publicly committed strategies, key actions and performance measures as outlined in the Ministry of Agriculture Annual Corporate Plan for 2016. It also reflects progress and commitments to Govern¬ment direction.

The annual report demonstrates effective public performance reporting, transparency and accountability to the people of Fiji, especially farmers, donors and agri-businesses.

The Ministry's activities in 2016 were aligned to the following 5 Government's Key Pillars.

Key Pillar(s) PCCPP	Targeted Outcome [Policy Objective]	Outcome Performance Indicators	Ministry's Output
Pillar 4 Enhancing Public Sector Effectiveness and Service Delivery.	Public Sector Reform.	 Develop and review of policies and legislations. Facilitation of consultation and meetings. Increase media coverage and publications Increase coverage in technology services in rural areas. 	Portfolio leadership, Policy advice and Secretariat support
Pillar 5 Achieving Higher Economic Growth while Ensuring Sustainability.	Non Sugar Agriculture and Livestock	 Increase Ministry of Agriculture's contribution to GDP from 9% to 15% Increase value of nonsugar agriculture exports from \$406.7m to \$411m by 2015. Value of fruits and vegetables imports reduced from around \$130m to \$100m by 2015 	Maintaining food security through the provision of ex- tension and research services both for livestock and crops. Quick economic recovery through the implementation of Demand Driven Approach and other commodity projects.
Pillar 6 Making more Land Available for Productive and Social services.	Land Resource Develop- ment and Management	Increase number of land sites for commodity purpose and are compliant to Sustainable Land Management farming practices/ concept.	Sustainable management of natural resources through flood protection programmes and other sustainable land management practices.
Pillar 7 Developing an Integrated Development Structure	Gender Equality and Women Empowerment.	Increase percentage of women who are economically active in agriculture activities.	Ensuring equal access for women in agricultural devel- opment.
at the Divisional Level.	Rural and Outer Island.	Improve provision of basic services to rural areas in terms of agriculture services.	ROI communities to meet their basic needs, improve living standards through agri- culture development.
Pillar 8 Reduce Poverty to a Neg- ligible Level by 2015.	Poverty Alleviation.	Increase the number of projects supporting young farmers.	Assist in poverty alleviation by building capacity of farmers to increase production.

Table 2: Ministry of Agricultures Output against the Government Key Pillars







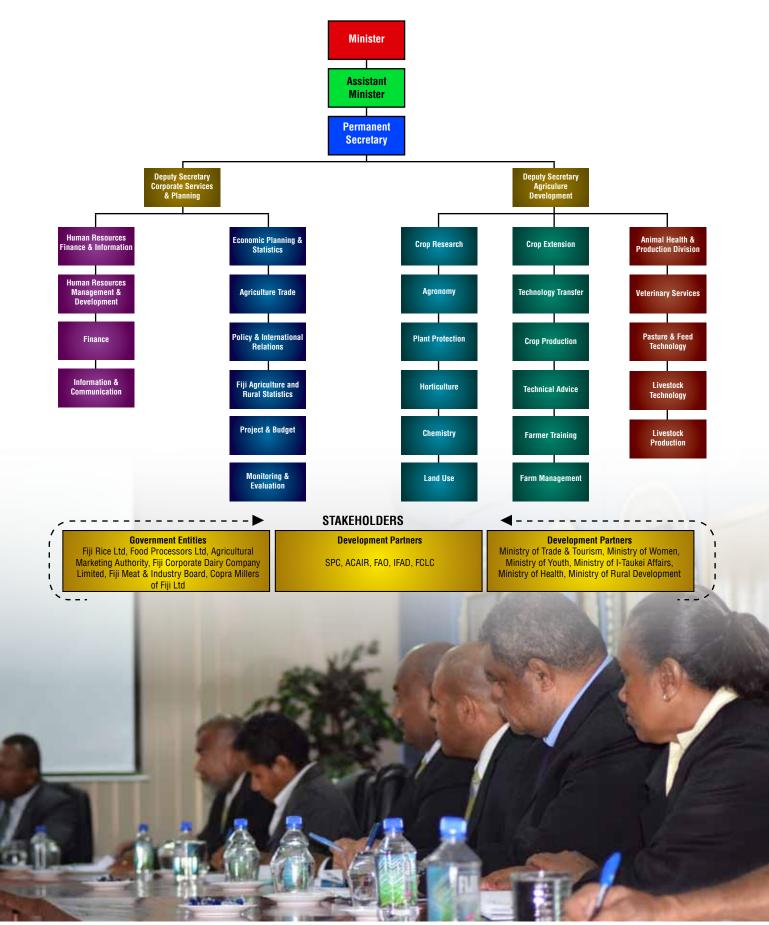
Ministry of Agriculture Senior Executive Authorities and Staff group photo during the ACP Retreat held in Raiwaqa.

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE 2016 APPROVED OUTPUTS

Table 3: The Agriculture Ministry's expenditure for 2016 is driven towards the following outputs as approved by the Ministry of Finance (MoF):

No.	Description
1.0	Maintain Food Security through the provision of extension and research services both for crop and livestock
2.0	Quick Economic Recovery through the Implementation of DDA and other Commodities
3.0	Assist in Poverty Alleviation by building capacity for farmers to increase production
4.0	Sustainable Management of Natural Resources through the flood protection programmes and other sustainable land management practices
5.0	ROI Communities to meet their basic needs, improve living standards through agriculture development
6.0	Achievement of gender equality and empowerment of women through full participation of agriculture development
7.0	Portfolio Leadership, Policy Advice and Secretariat Support

EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT



TROPICAL WINSTON OVERVIEW

The total value of damages caused by Tropical Cyclone Winston to the Agriculture Sector is \$208.3 million (Refer to Table 4 below). The Acting Permanent Secretary for Agriculture Uraia Waibuta said this include crops, livestock and infrastructure but excluding the sugar sector.

He said that the Northern Division suffered the most damages during TC Winston. "Bulk of the damages sustained was in the Northern Division with \$93.8 million, whereas in the Western division was \$52.8 million, Central division was \$40.5 million and \$21.2 million in the Eastern Division" (Refer to infographics).

Waibuta said that Vanuabalavu, Lomaiviti, Cakaudrove, Bua, Tailevu North and Ra were identified as the most affected areas. However, he added that the interior parts of the Island were also affected, which include Naitasiri, Navosa and even the other surrounding area in the Sigatoka Valley. With Yaqona being one of the major commodities for local and export market and of high value, it suffers \$116 million of damages.

"The total value of standing crop of yaqona before the

cyclone was \$498.8 million but the total value of yaqona damaged is around \$116million", said Mr. Waibuta.

All the yaqona in Koro Island and Taveuni was totally devastated and shortly there will be a drastic increase in price because bulk of the areas sending yaqona to the market has been affected which are Koro, Taveuni and part of Ra, he added.

"But we are thankful that Kadavu is still there, Serua, Namosi, part of Naitasiri and Tailevu that still can supply some of the yaqona in the local market". Dalo is the other major commodities for the local and export market that has been destroyed by the cyclone. "The total value of the damage to the taro (Dalo) was around \$20 million. The exact figure is \$17.9 million and bulk of that is in the Northern division in Taveuni, Cakaudrove main land and also part of Ra", said Waibuta.

Mr. Waibuta added there are about \$55million worth of Dalo that can be recovered and harvested for the local and export market after the cyclone from the areas of Central Tailevu, Tailevu South, Serua, Namosi, and lower Naitasiri.

Province/Division	Damages to Crops, Livestock & Infrastructure	No. of Farmers
WESTERN		
Ва	22,481,550.14	12,112
Nadroga/Navosa	3,569,380.74	2,985
Ra	26,839,337.36	4,961
Total	52,890,268.23	20,058
CENTRAL		
Tailevu	16,461,446.04	4,982
Rewa	1,191,872.66	2,021
Naitasiri	21,826,277.26	4,392
Serua	509,780.26	547
Namosi	557,804.00	1,082
Total	40,547,180.22	13,024
NORTHERN		
Cakudrove	33,158,004.86	4,510
Taveuni	33,842,321.26	2,107
Bua	26,830,736.00	2,528
Total	93,831,062.12	9,145
EASTERN		
Lomaiviti	18,573,100.99	1,867
Lau	2,805,365.42	785
Total	21,378,466.41	2,652
GRAND TOTAL	208,646,976.99	44,879

Table 4: Summary of Agriculture Sector Damage

(Source – TC Winston survey data)

The rehabilitation programme was implemented in three phases (immediate, midterm and long term) with a total budget of \$2.2M (Fig. 1). Immediate relief and rehabilitation work was carried out concurrently with the assessment.

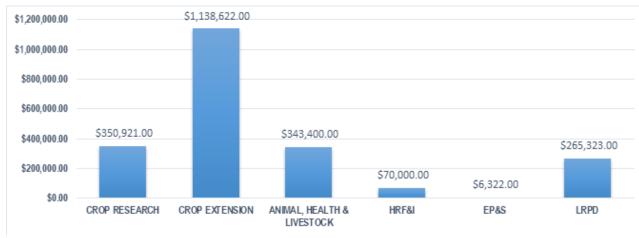


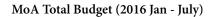
Figure 1 : Ministry Divisional Funds Vired For Tropical Cyclone Winston Rehabilitation

(Source – TC Winston survey data)



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2016 MoA KEY NUMBERS: JANUARY - JULY





Agriculture (Crop & Livestock GDP) - 2015



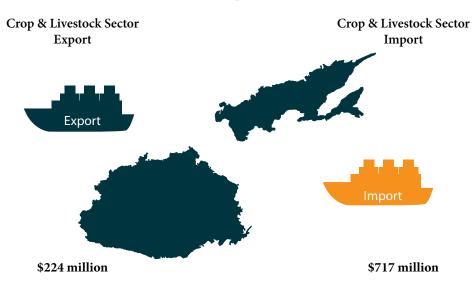
\$542 million

MoA Actual Expenditure (2016 Jan - July)



Agriculture (Crop & Livestock) Production - 2016 Jan - July





AGRICULTURE (Crop & Livestock) TRADE

Extension and Research Meeting in Nadave.

The Crop Extension Division's core responsibility is service delivery. Their role is to extend proven information from researches to farmers, assist and enhance the transitioning of farmers from subsistence to semi and commercial level.

Overview of Crop Extension Division

In 2016 (Jan - July), the Crop Extension Division was allocated \$8.8M through Capital Programmes for the development and expansion of Crop Commodities. There were eighteen (18) approved Capital Programmes which is 38% more than the 2015 budget allocation. With the \$8.8M budget provision, the Division was anticipated to achieve certain Outputs through implementation of targeted activities in collaboration with other Divisions and Stakeholders.

Table 5 (see page 16) records the achievement of the Ministry through Crop Extension Division Programmes from January to July 2016 despite the drastic impact of TC Winston in February that affected the planned programmes and activities.

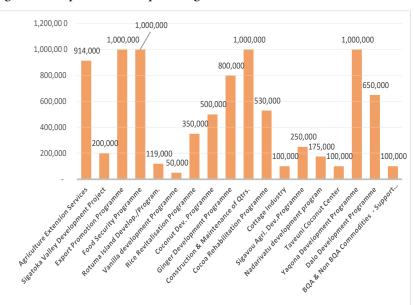


Figure 15: Crop Extension Capital Programme Distribution

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Table 5: Achievement of Crop Extension Division from January - July 2016.

Crops, Livestock And Veterinary Services.			
SUB- OUTPUT	STRATEGIES	INDICATORS	2016 (Jan – July) Actual Achievement
Increased crop and livestock production	Implement researched best farm practices for adoption by farmers	Number of best farm practices and technology widely disseminated and adopted.	9
		Number of farmers diversify- ing to increase farm production	125
	Increase supply of seeds and planting materials to farm- ers.	Number of commodities distributed to farmers.	20
	Promotion of mechanized farming options	Number of farming machin- eries purchased.	24
Enhance Food Security and Livelihoods for All through a Co-ordinated and collaborative effort to support capacity building and raising awareness in a variety of formats.	C o o r d i n at i o n of Programmes I m p l e m e n t e d by Ministries & NGOs	Number of integrated programmes as assisted and implemented % of farmers provided with relevant training to prepare and adapt to risks from Climate Change and Disasters through the relevant programmes.	24
	Conduct food security awareness and support to farm household, village and settlement.	Number of food security Awareness conducted Num- ber of farmers adopting and implementing traditional techniques to enhance food security and livelihoods.	48
		Number of farmers assisted under Food Security pro- grams (FSP).	59
	Setting up of backyard garden to promote accessibility of local healthy food in the communities	Number of backyard gardens Established.	3

Output 1: Maintaining Food Security Through The Provision of Extension And Research Services for Crops, Livestock And Veterinary Services.

Reducing the risks from Climate Change and Disas- ters through strengthened adaptation and prepared- ness measures.	ange and Disas- n strengthened recovery. Emergency Plan [Preparedness & Response]	Number of awareness on disaster response and preparedness % of staff fully Capacitated through capacity building and training on disaster response and preparedness	40
		Number of awareness on sustainable farming practices for Disaster Risk Management and Climate Change Adaptation	11

Output 2: Quick Economic Recovery Through The Implementation of Demand Driven Approach And Other Commodity Projects

SUB- OUTPUT	STRATEGIES	INDICATORS	2016 (Jan – July) Actual
Establish Commodity protocols with existing & new markets.	Capacity Building at com- munity level for commercial agriculture	Number of farmers trained	600
Strengthening of exist- ing BQAs & Commodity Protocols.	Provide effective agriculture advisory Ser- vices & coordination to promote export commodities	Number of BQA farmers capacitated	50
Improve accessibility of farmers to credit facility and Improve linkage with financial insitutions.	Coordinate partnership between farmers and financial insti- tutions	Number of joint awareness with lending institutions to farmers for agriculture purpose	12
		Number of Farm Plan and agricultural commercial loan proposals prepared	201
	Coordinate linkage with local tourism industry-e.g. ATS, Hotels, Catering	Number of farmers linked to tourism Industry	8
Reduce Import Bill on Agriculture Products	Encourage local produc- tion of imported agriculture commodities	Awareness & trainings to farmers on increasing local production of imported agriculture products	14

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Output 3: Assist In Poverty Alleviation by Capacity Building of Farmers to Increase Production

1 Iouucion				
Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan - July) Actual	
Capacity Building of Capacity building on sub- Farmer sistence farmers	Number of farmer training / farmers field school conducted	28		
	Number of farm visit and advice to farmers	6,215		
	Promote sufficiency at com- munity leve	Number of subsistence farmers progressed to semi-commercial level	10	
		Number of commodities clustering formed	4	
	Number of Clustered farmers profiling	8		

Output 4: Sustainable Management of Natural Resources Through Flood Protection Programmes And Other Sustainable Land Management Practices

Sub - Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan - July) Actual
Sustainable Land Management	Effective landuse m a n a g e m e n t practices.	Number of land cleared, prepared and utilized for agriculture	10
		purpose	

Output 5: Ensuring Equal Access For Women In Agricultural Development

Sub - Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan - July) Actual
Participation of Women on Economic Activities	Strengthen cottage industry to create employment	Number of women groups trained/assisted and progressed in Agriculture development	31

Output 6: ROI Communities To Meet Basic Needs, Improve Living Standards Through Agriculture Development

Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan - July) Actual
basic services to rural & implement	Coordinate & implement Agriculture pro- jects with stakeholders	Number of Agriculture pro- jects: identified with project proposal submitted	13
		No. of consultations/ meetings to increase market access on agriculture products& upgrading infra- structure.	16







Extension Officers distributing seedlings to the farmers in Dawasamu, Tailevu after devastation by TC Winston.



Government of India donates Farm Machineries to boost Agriculture Services in Fiji.



Extension Officers carryout Damage Assessments on farms affected by TC Winston.



MoA staff affected by the devastation of TC Winston in Koro.

ANIMAL HEALTH & PRODUCTION DIVISION



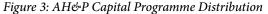
Director Animal Health & Production Division - Mr Tomasi Tunabuna during the transfering of Boer Goats to respective farms.

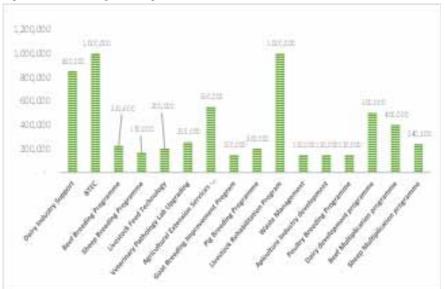
The core role of the Division is to provide knowledge and other livestock related services to livestock industries, processors and distributors, importers and exporters smallholder livestock farmers and clients necessary for the adoption best practices.

Overview of Animal Health & Production Division.

In 2016(Jan - July), the Animal Health & Production Division was allocated \$6.2M through Capital Programmes for the development and expansion of Livestock Commodities/ Farms. There are sixteen (16) approved Capital Programmes which is 6% more than the 2015 budget allocation. With the \$6.2M budget allocation, the Division was expected to achieve certain Outputs through implementation of targeted activities in collaboration with other Divisions and Stakeholders.

Table 6 (see page 21) shows the achievement of the Ministry through Animal Health and Production Division Programmes from January to July 2016 despite the drastic impact of TC Winston in February that affected the planned program and activities.





Output 1: Maintaining Food Security Through The Provision of Extension And **Research Services For Crops, Livestock And Veterinary Services** 2016 (Jan - July) Sub-Output Strategies Indicators **Actual Achievement** Increased crop and Implement researched best Number of best farm 9 livestock production farm practices for adoption practices and technology widely by farmers disseminated and adopted. Number of farmers 125 diversifying to increase farm production. Increase supply of Number of commodities 25 distributed to farmers. seeds and planting materials to farmers. Pest and Disease Pest's Management strategies de-26 Control veloped to reduce the prevalence of target crop pests and disease Enhance Food Security Coordination of Number of integrated pro-20 and Livelihoods for All Programmes Implemented grammes as assisted and implethrough a Co-ordinatmented % of farmers provided by Ministries ed and collaborative & NGOs with relevant training to prepare effort to support capacand adapt to risks from Climate ity building and raising Change and Disasters through awareness in a variety the relevant programmes. of formats. Conduct food security Number of food security 30 Awareness conducted Number awareness and support to farm of farmers adopting and implehousehold, village menting traditional techniques and settlement. to enhance food security and livelihoods. Number of farmers assisted 40 under Food Security programs (FSP). Number of agriculture promo-4 tional activities and materials Strengthening Agricul-Number of farm practices re-8 Conduct progressive ture Research Services research on best farm pracsearched tices for farmers Co-operation for 2 Number of joint fund research joint fund research programmes betweengovernfund research ment stations and university researches

Table 6: Achievement of AH&P Division from January - July 2016.

Reducing the risks from Climate Change and Disasters through strengthened adapta-	Promote and strengthen food security programmes to enhance community	Conserve economic crop germ- plasm Provision of planting materials Provision indigenous breed for	19 20 200
measures	tion and preparedness based disaster risk reduction initiatives	livestock to support community rehabilitation	
pla an Pla	Strengthen effective planning, response and recovery. Emergency Plan (Preparedness and Response)	Number of awareness on disaster response and preparedness % of staf fully capacitated through capacity building and training on disaster response and prepared- ness	20
		Number of farmers capacitated during training	100

Output 2: Quick Economic Recovery Through The Implementation of Demand Driven Approach And Other Commodity Projects

ipproven time o ther commonly respects			
Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan - July) Actual
Establish Commodity protocols with existing & new markets	Stregthening of industry councils to spearhead & co-ordinate commodity development	Number of number of industry profiles and industry plans completed	2
Strengthened Demand Driven research and extend partnership	Capacity building at com- munity level for commer- cial farmer	Number of farmers trained	250
with private sector and established institutions	Co-ordinate linkage with local tourism industry- e.g ATS, Hotels, Catering	Number of faremers linked to Tourism industry	3
Strengthen institution- al Limkages & quality data collection	Coordinate monitoring & evaluation on Capital and non Capital projects	Quarterly divisional progressive/ production statistics reports on capital projects	1
Reduce Import Bill on Agriculture Products	Encourage local produc- tion of imported agricul- ture commodities	Supply of quality livestock to farmers	1

Output 3: Assist In Poverty Alleviation By Capacity Building Of Farmers To Increase

Production.				
Sub-Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual	
Capacity Building of Farmer	Capacity building on sub- sistence farmers	Number of farmer training / farmers field school conducted	15	
		Number of farm visit and advice to farmers	350	
		Number of subsistence farmers progressed to semicom- mercial level	6	
Output 5: Ensuring E	Equal Access For Women I	n Agricultural Development		
Sub-Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual	
Participation of Women on Economic Activities	Stregthen cottage industry to create employment	Number of women groups trained/assisted and progressed in Agriculture development	13	

Output 6: ROI Communities To Meet Basic Needs, Improve Living Standards Through Agriculture Development.

review existing Acts,

to Cabinet

Media Coverage & Publications

Legislations & policies

Research Publications

Cabinet papers submission

Agriculture Development.				
Sub-Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual	
Improve provision on basic services to rural & maritime areas in	Coordinate & implement Agriculture projects with stakeholders	Number of Agriculture projects: identified with project proposal submitted	13	
terms of agriculture services	terms of agriculture	No. of consultations/ meetings to increase market access on agriculture products& upgrading infrastructure	16	
Output 7: Portfolio Lea	dership, Policy			
Sub-Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual	
Portfolio Leadership & Policy Advice	Review & Develop MoAs and MoUs	Number of MOUs and MOAs developed	2	
	Formulate new and	Number of new Acts,	1	

legislations & policies

policies reviewed

Number of Research

Number of Acts, legislations &

Number of Cabinet papers sub-

1

1

6

formulated

mitted

Publications



Chief Guest at the World Food Day Minister for Education - Dr. Mahendra Reddy tours through the livestock display booth.

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The Waidalice Chilling Centre (WCC) farmers' co-operative in partnership with the Pacific Feeds Limited and in conjunction with the Ministry of Agriculture officially launched the distributorship of the animal feed at WCC Farmers' Cooperative Warehouse in Tailevu on 9th February.



Fiji Livestock Sector Working Group Chairman Dr. Robin Yarrow [sitting-second from left] is flanked by the Hon. Minister, PS Agriculture, Senior Agriculture Officials during a meeting at Headquarters



The New Zealand's Foreign Affairs Minister Hon. Murray McCully visited the Dairy Section at the Koronivia Research Station on 18th February 2016.

The Acting Permanent Secretary for Agriculture Uraia Waibuta acknowledged the NZ's government for its assistance through the Dairy Development Indicative Program total of \$10m NZ for a period of five years. The program is focuses at sustaining and increasing milk production in Fiji.

The projects major activities include:

- 1. Training of Extension Staff and farmer;
- 2. Construction of a new dairy shed for Research and Training at Koronivia Research Station;
- 3. Review of the milk purchase and pricing agreement;
- 4. Infrastructure Improvement on chilling centres;
- 5. Procuring of tractors and implements for pasture improvements;
- 6. Provision of a Veterinarian in the country.



Research Officials conducting Research Analysis on Kavika varieties at the Food Tech Laboratory in Koronivia.

The core function of the Division is to complement and support the department of Agriculture, through innovation of new technologies and its transfer to suit the need of farmers, the clients and the stakeholders for the enhancement of the agricultural sector. Facilitate scientific, technical and professional support services for Agriculture Development.

Overview of Crop Research Division

In 2016 (Jan-July), the Animal Health & Production Division was allocated \$2.3M through Capital Programmes for the development and expansion of Livestock Commodities/Farms. There were ten(10) approved Capital. Programmes which is 38% more than the 2015 budget allocation. With the \$2.3M budget allocation, the Division was predicted to achieve certain Outputs through implementation of targeted activities in collaboration with other Divisions and Stakeholders. Table 7 (see page 26) records the achievement of the Ministry through Crop Research Division Programmes from January to July 2016 despite the extreme impact of TC Winston in February that affected the planned programmes and activities.

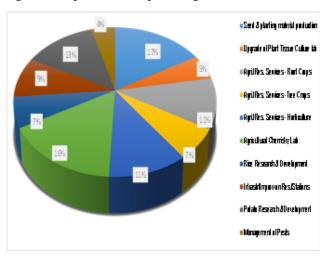


Figure 4: Crop Research Capital Programme Distribution

Table 7: Achievement of Crop Research Division from January - July 2016.

Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan - July) Actual Achievement
Increased crop and livestock production	Implement researched best farm practices for adoption by farmers	Number of best farm practices and technology widely disseminated and adopted.	3
	Pest and Disease Control	Pest's Management strategies developed to reduce the prevalence of target crop pests and disease	26
		Number of plants pest diagnostic & plant health clinics	2
Enhance Food Security and Livelihoods for All through a Co-ordinated and collaborative effort to support capacity building and raising awareness in a variety of formats.	Coordination of Pro- grammes Implemented by Ministries & NGOs	Number of integrated programmes as assisted and implemented % of farmers provided with relevant training to prepare and adapt to risks from Climate Change and Disasters through the relevant programmes.	16
	Conduct food security awareness and support to farm household, village and settlement	Number of food security awareness conducted number of farmers adopting and implementing traditional techniques to enahance food security and livelihoods	25
Strengthening Agriculture Research Services	Conduct progressive research on best farm	Number of farm practices researched	18
	practices for farmers	Value addition and product development	1
	Conduct progressive research on pest and disease management on crops and livestock	Number of new control measures and management programmes developed and imple- mented	5
	Agriculture Chemistry / Purchase of Equipment	Number of quality programs in place, tests conducted and Lab machines purchased	2
	Co-operation for joint fund research programs	Number of joint fund research programmes between government stations and university researches	3
	Infrastructure Improvement	Improvement of Research Service Delivery and Research infrastructure	1

Output 1: Maintaining Food Security through the Provision of Extension and Research Services For Crops, Livestock and Veterinary Services.

Output 1: Maintaining Food Security through the Provision of Extension and Research Services For Crops, Livestock and Veterinary Services.

Resources Services For Stops, Ervesto en una veterinary Services.			
Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan - July) Actual Achievement
Reducing the risks from Climate Change and Disasters through strengthened adaptation and preparedness measures	Promote and strengthen food security programmes to enhance community based disaster risk reduc- tion initiatives.	Conserve economic crop germplasm	19
	Revitilisation of indigenous disaster resilience crops/ livestock (e.g. via)	Number of indigenous crops established – domestication, promotion, planting materials availabilities, method of storage	8

Output 2: Quick Economic Recovery Through The Implementation Of Demand Driven Approach And Other Commodity Projects

Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual
Strengthened Demand Driven research and extend partnership with private sector and established institutions	Conduct research activities in partnership with established institutions	Number of research activities on DDA	8
Compliant Food standards for all commodities	Co-ordinate monitoring & evaluation on Capital and non Capital projects	Number of awareness & training done to stakeholders on CODEX requirement	3

Output 3: Assist In Poverty Alleviation by Capacity Building of Farmers to Increase Production

Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual
Capacity Building of Farmers	Capacity Building on subsistence farmers	Number of farm visit and advice to farmers	40

Output 5: Ensuring Equal Access For Women In Agricultural Development

Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual
Participation of Women on Economic Activities	Stregthen cottage industry to create employment	Number of women groups trained/assisted and progressed in Agricul-	6
	- ·	ture development	

Output 6: ROI Communities To Meet Basic Needs, Improve Living Standards Through Agriculture Development

Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual
Improve provision on basic services to rural & maritime areas in terms of agriculture services	Coordinate & implement Agriculture projects with stakeholders	Awareness to rural and maritime staffs on new farming technologies	2

Output 7: Portfolio Leadership, Policy

· ····································			
Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual
Portfolio Leadership & Policy Advice	Formulate new and review existing Acts, Legislations & policies	Number of Acts, legislations & policies formulated	1
Media Coverage & Publications	Research Publications	Number of Research Publication	9
		Number of Fiji Agricultural Journal Published	1
Improved productivity and performance of staff	Capacity building for staff	No. of extension officers trained on technical aspects of farming technologies	50



Agriculture staff conducting plant health clinics in Nadi town.



Research Officials conducting soil analysis at the Koronivia Chemistry Laboratory.

28



Tissue Culture products on display during the World Food Day.





Crops and Seedlings on display during the World Food Day



Dr. Apaitia Macanawai with the Japanese Minister for Agriculture, Forestry & Fisheries Hon. Hiroshi Moriyama.



Extension and Research Meeting held in CATD Training Facility in Nadave

LAND & WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT DIVISION



[From Left] Director Extension - Mr. Jone Sovalawa, Director LWRM - Mr. Collin Simmons and Director LRPD-Mr. Nacanieli Waka in Parliament during the LWRM Bill Consultation with Parliamentary Committee.

The role of the Division is to mitigate flood risks which may result in damage to agricultural crops, livestock, property and human live. Provision of effeicient and effective drainage to maximise agricultural land utilization. Increase crop yield and enhance food security with timely and efficient irrigation services.

Overview of Land & Water Resource Division

In 2016(Jan - July), the Animal Health & Production Division was allocated \$13.4M through Capital Programmes.

There are six (6) approved Capital Programmes which is 7% more than the 2015 budget allocation. With the \$13.4M budget allocation, the Division was projected to achieve certain Outputs through implementation of targeted activities in collaboration with other Divisions and Stakeholders.

Table 8 (see page 31) records the achievement of the Ministry through Land Water and Resource Division Programmes from January to July 2016 despite the severe impact of TC Winston in February that affected the planned programmes and activities.

Figure 5: Land & Water Resource Capital Programme Distribution

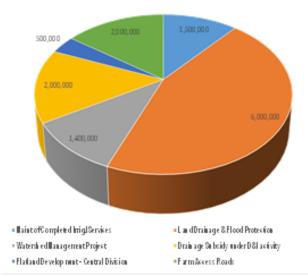


Table 8: Achievement of Land and Water Resource Management Division from January - July 2016

Programmes and other Sustainable Land Management Practices			
Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual Achievement
Flood Protection Programmes	Timely delivery of Flood Protection, Land Drainage & Irrigation Infrastructure	Number of river dredging works	2
		Number of drainage schemes maintained	51
		Number of water logged farms addressed	9
		Number of irrigation schemes maintained	1
		Number of rainfed areas improved	3
		Number of Flatland areas developed	8
Water Resource Management	Drought Mitigation Plan and Preparedness and Response	Number of Potential sites identified	2
Farm Access Road	Upgrading of Farm Access Roads	Number of Farm Access Roads upgraded	6

Output 4: Sustainable Management of Natural Resources through Flood Protection





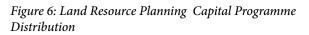
Director LRPD - Mr. Nacanieli Waka (with purple shirt) flanked by LRPD Staff duing the Word Day to combat Desertification in Lautoka.

The core role of the Division is to promote sustainable land use practices with major emphasis on land conservation and land degradation issues, updating farm management manual and capacity building for farmers and agriculture officials in the areas of farm business planning and farm business advisory services.

Overview of Land Resource Planning Division

In 2016(Jan - July), the Land Resource Planning Division was allocated \$0.68M through Capital Programmes for the development and expansion of Livestock Commodities/ Farms. There are two approved Capital Programmes which is 48% more than the 2015 budget allocation.

With the \$0.68M budget allocation, the Division was expected to achieve certain Outputs through the implementation of targeted activities in collaboration with other Divisions and Stakeholders. Table 9 (see page 33) below records the achievement of the Ministry through Land Resource Planning Division Programmes from January to July 2016 despite the drastic impact of TC Winston in February that affected the planned programmes and activities.



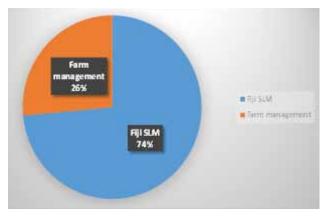


Table 9: Achievement of Land Resource Planning & Development Division from January - July 2016

Services For Crops, Livestock And Veterinary Services				
Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual Achieve- ment	
Increased crop and livestock production	Implement researched best farm practices for adoption by farmers	Number of land use and farm plans incorporating best farm practices and technology that are dis- seminated and adopted by farmers	11	
Enhance Food Security and Livelihoods for All through a Co-ordinated and col- laborative effort to support capacity building and rais- ing awareness in a variety of formats.	Coordination of Programmes Implemented by Ministries & NGOs	Number of integrated programmes as assisted and implemented % of farmers provided with relevant training to prepare and adapt to risks from Climate Change and Disasters through the relevant programmes.	12	
	Conduct food security awareness and support to farm household, village and settlement.	Number of agriculture promotional activities and materials	3	
	Incorporation of best garden prac- tices into primary school curricu- lum to promote food security	Number of school gardens established	3	
	Setting up of backyard garden to promote accessibility of local healthy food in the communities	Number of backyard gardens established	1	
	Maintain agro ecosystem services to sustain food production and livelihood	Number of conservation farms established	3	
		Number of established demo plots & nurseries maintained	3	
		Number of NFT's & Hedgegrows planting materials distributed	3	
Reducing the risks from Climate Change and Disas- ters through strengthened adaptation and prepared- ness measures	Promote and strengthen food security programmes to enhance community based disaster risk reduction initiatives	Number of soil conserva- tion measures and soil health management mate- rials to address DRM and Climate Change	3	

Output 1: Maintaining Food Security Through The Provision of Extension And Research Services For Crops, Livestock And Veterinary Services

Output 2: Quick Economic Recovery Through The Implementation of Demand Driven Approach And Other Commodity Projects

Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual
Improve accessibility of farmers to credit facility	Co-ordinate partnership between farmers and financial institutions	Number of farm plans and agriculture commercial	8
and improve linkage with financial institutions		loan proposals prepared	

Output 3: Assist In Poverty Alleviation by Capacity Building of Farmers to Increase Production

Sub - Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual
Capacity Building of Farmer	Capacity building on subsistence farmers	Number of farm visit and advice to farmers	150
		Number of farmers implemented SLM/FM Training	10

Output 4: Sustainable Management of Natural Resources Through Flood Protection Programmes and other Sustainable Land Management Practices

Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual
Sustainable Land Management	Effective land use management practices	Number of Tikina based baseline biophysical re- ports provided to stake- holders and land users	2
		Number of Land care group established and adopting SLM technology and further developed into cluster	3
		Number land use plan and farm plan implemented and distributed to farmers	30
	Effective waste management	Report on the impact of consultation with stake- holders on better land utilization Govt, NGOs and Churches	1
	Encourage partnership with stake- holders for better land utilization	No. of impact assessment on the FM Manual from stakeholders	2
	Farm Management Manual	No. of SLM/FM Training of trainers for Extension officers	1

Output 5: Ensuring Equal Access For Women In Agricultural Development

Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual
Participation of Women on Economic Activities	Stregthen cottage industry to create employment		
	Number of women groups trained/ assisted and progressed in Agricul- ture development	15	

Output 7: Portfolio Leadership, Policy			
Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual
Portfolio Leadership & Policy Advice	Review & Develop MoAs and MOUs	Number of MOUs and MoAs developed	1
	Formulate new and review existing Acts, Legislations & policies	Number of new Acts, legislations & policies formulated	1



Participants of the Sustainable Land Management & Farm Management Training held in Nawaka, Nadi.



LRPD and Extension staff during the World Food Day celebrations at Suva Grammar School.



Agriculture Officer - Joeli Waradi presenting during the World Day to Combat desertification held in Lautoka.



Agriculture staff during the World Day to Combat Desertification held in Nadave.



LRPD conducting a workshop for better service delivery.

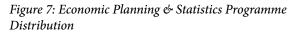
Israel Government donates Solar System to Ministry of Agriculture.

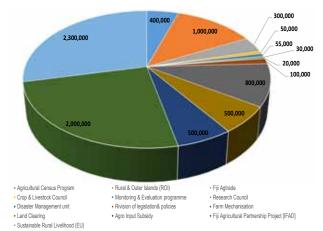
The core function of the Division is to formulate the Agriculture Sector development policies, appropriate strategies and subsequent program activities in accordance with the Government Strategic Plan, establish and enhance effective sustainable linkages with external orgarnizations, including global donor agencies at bilateral, plurilateral and multilateral levels, analyses policy and assess its impact to the agiculture sector.

Overview of Economic Planning & Statistics Division

In 2016(Jan - July), the Land Resource Planning Division was allocated \$8M through Capital Programmes for the development and expansion of Livestock Commodities/ Farms. There were thirteen (13) approved Capital Programmes which is 29% more than the 2015 budget allocation. With the \$8M budget allocation, the Division was anticipated to achieve certain Outputs through the implementation of targeted activities in collaboration with other Divisions and Stakeholders.

Table 10 (see page 37) shows the achievement of the Ministry through Economic Planning & Statistics Programmes from January to July 2016 despite the drastic impact of TC Winston in February that affected the planned program and activities.





ECONOMIC PLANNING & STATISTICS DIVISION

Table 10: Achievement of Economic Planning & Statistics Division from January - July 2016

Services For Crops, Livestock And Veterinary Services						
Sub- Output	2016 (Jan – July) Actual					
Reducing the risks from Climate Change and Disas- ters through strengthened adaptation and prepared- ness measures	Strengthen effective plan- ning, response and recov- ery. Emergency Plan(Pre- paredness and Response)	Number of awareness on disaster response and preparedness % of staf fully capacitated through capac- ity building and training on disaster response and preparedness	3			

Output 1: Maintaining Food Security Through The Provision of Extension And Research

Output 2: Quick Economic Recovery Through The Implementation of Demand Driven **Approach And Other Commodity Projects**

Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual
Establish Commodity pro- tocols with existing & new	Facilitate Market Development &	Quartely Ag Trade News Letter	4
markets	Market Access	Number of marketing scoping	1
		Number of market promotion	1
		Number of Export promotion programme	1
	Strengthening of industry councils to spearhead and co-ordinate commodity development	Number of meetings & consultations with Industry councils	4
	Coordinate linkage with local tourism industry-e.g. ATS, Hotels, Catering	Number of food demand survey report	1
Compliant food standards for all commodities	Co-ordinate and monitor Compliance of CODEX requirements	Number of awareness & training done to stakehold- er on CODEX requirement	1
Strengthen institutional linkages & quality data collection	Develop Quality Agricul- tural Statistics System	Improvement of Agricultur- al Statistics System: FBHS 2016	1
		Standard Survey Design & Methodology	
		Standard Survey Frame	
		Agri Stats Database	
		Stats GIS & Information Technology	
		Divisional quarterly report on compilation and analysis of agriculture production and trade statistics	4
		Consultation with global stakeholders – united na- tions global initiative to im- prove agricultural statistics	1

Output 2: Quick Economic Recovery Through The Implementation of Demand Driven Approach And Other Commodity Projects

reprodenting other commonly respects							
Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual				
	Co-ordinate Monitoring & Evaluation on Capital & Non Capital projects	Quarterly monitoring and and review activities of Capital programs	6				
		Review and Analysis Perfo- mance of Capital Projects & DDA projects	1				
		Number of brochure high- lighting successful stories and lessons learned frm implementation of Capital projects	1				

Output 3: Assist In Poverty Alleviation by Capacity Building of Farmers to Increase Production

Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual
Capacity Building of Farmer	Capacity building on sub- sistence farmers	Number of farmer train- ing / farmers field school conducted	2
	Promote sufficiency at com- munity leve	Number of commodities clustering formed	1
		Evaluation and moni- toring report on suc- cess story of women in agriculture(Cottage Industry)	1
	Improved Agriculture Gen- der Statistics	Gender Aggregated Data Report	1



From left: PEPO Stats Ms. Sera Bose with Ministry staff during the TC Winston Response Relief trip to West, distributing seedlings to affected farms.

Output 7: Portfolio Leadership, Policy Advice and Secretariat Support						
Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan – July) Actual			
Portfolio Leadership & Policy Advice	Review & Develop MOAs and MOUs	Number of MOUs and MOAs developed	1			
	Formulate new and review existing Acts, Legislations & policies	Number of new Acts, leg- islations & policies formu- lated	1			
		Number of Acts, legislations & policies reviewed	1			
	Cabinet papers submission to Cabinet	Number of Cabinet papers submitted	5			
Improved productivity & performance of staff	Public sector capacity to support agri business	Establich of agribusiness unit within MoA	1			
		Consultation to develop an advance skills and resources required to drive the agri business development process	1			

Monitoring and Evaluation Policy Framework training.



Ministry provides assistance to staff affected by TC Winston at Dobuilevu Agriculture Station, Rakiraki, Ra.

The core role of the Division is to formulate and review current organizational structure and implementation of pulic service reform, implement the best practises in managing human resources and effective delivery of service therefore ensuring good governance in the administration and deployment of financial and other resources.

Overview of Human Resource Finance & Information Division

In 2016(Jan – July), the Human Resource Finance & Information Division was allocated \$8.5M through Capital Programmes to assist the Division in undertaking its core role. There are seven (7) approved Capital Programmes which is 167% more than the 2015 budget allocation.

With the \$8.5M budget allocation, the Division was anticipated to achieve certain Outputs through implementation of targeted activities in collaboration with other Divisions and Stakeholders.

Table 11 (see page 41) records the achievement of the Ministry through the Human Resource Programmes within the month of January to July 2016 despite the drastic impact of TC Winston in February that affected the planned program and activities.

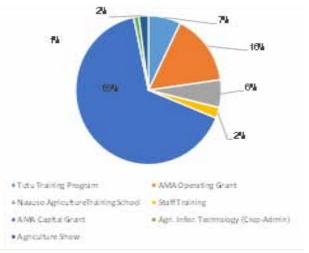


Figure 8: HRF&I Capital Programme Distribution

Table 11: Achievement of Human Resources Finance & Information Division from January - July 2016

Output 7: Portfoli Leadership, Policy Advice and Secretariat Support						
Sub- Output	Strategies	Indicators	2016 (Jan - July) Actual			
Portfolio Leadership & Policy Advice	Formulate new and review existing Acts, Legislations & policies	Number of new Acts, leg- islations & policies formu- lated	1			
Media Coverage & Publications	Provide exclusive media coverage on agriculture promotion activities	Quarterly reports on impact of agricultural promotion activities	8			
Information Communication & Technology	Increased coverage through telecommunication services to rural areas	No. of agriculture stations accessed to telecommunica- tion, govnet and kinked to intranet	4			
Improved productivity & performance of staff	Capacity building for staff	Quarterly staff trainings local & overseas	4			
Financial Statements	Provide annual financial statements	One reliable and accurate annual financial statement	1			
Annual Procurement Plan	Formulation of Annual Procurement Plan 2016	Provide Submission of 2016 APP to PS and MOF	1			
External Audit Report	Implementation of Extter- nal Audit recommendation	Provide report of external audit recommendation	1			
Expenditure Report	Submission of reconciled Expenditure Report	Submission of one report to PS	1			

0 D 1. 4 1 . . .

Newly built quarters in Ra to accomodate MoA Officials.





Ministry of Agriculture HR Staff leading the Parade during the World Food Day Celebrations held at Suva Grammar School Ground.





FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015



MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE FINALICIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

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MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE

AGENCY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT

Scope

I have audited the special purpose financial statements which have been prepared under the cash basis of accounting and notes 1 to 3 thereon of the Ministry of Agriculture for the year ended 31 December 2015. The financial statements comprise the following:

- (i) Statement of Receipts and Expenditure;
- (ii) Appropriation Statement;
- (iii) Consolidated TMA Manufacturing Account;
- (iv) Consolidated TMA Trading Account;
- (v) Consolidated TMA Profit and Loss Statement;
- (vi) Consolidated TMA Balance Sheet;
- (vii) Trust Account Statement of Receipts and Payments; and
- (viii) Statement of Losses

The management of the Ministry of Agriculture is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the special purpose financial statements and the information contained therein.

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these special purpose financial statements based on my audit.

My audit was conducted in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing to provide reasonable assurance as to whether the special purpose financial statements are free of material misstatements. My audit procedures included examination, on a test basis, of evidence supporting the amounts and other disclosures in the special purpose financial statements and evaluation of accounting policies. These procedures have been undertaken to form an opinion as to whether, in all material respects, the special purpose financial statements are fairly stated and in accordance with government policies in Note 2 and the Audit Act and the Financial Management Act 2004, so as to present a view which is consistent with my understanding of the financial performance of the Ministry of Agriculture for the year ended 31 December 2015.

The audit opinion expressed in this report has been formed on the above basis.

Basis for Qualifications

Trading and Manufacturing Account (TMA)

 Included in the Trading and Manufacturing Account (TMA) Balance Sheet is Deposits & Retention of \$22,113. I was not able to verify the amounts as the Ministry was not able to

ascertain the accuracy and completeness of liability in the Trading and Manufacturing Account as at 31 December 2015.

- 2. Included in the TMA Trading Account is Closing Stock of Finished Goods of \$709,078. I am unable to express an opinion on the accuracy and completeness of Closing Stock of Finished Goods as the Ministry did not carry out an independent stock take for the year ended 31 December 2015 and audit was not able to confirm the balance through alternative procedures given insufficient appropriate evidence.
- There is an un-reconciled variance amounting to \$263,038 between the FMIS General Ledger cash balance and the TMA bank reconciliation statement. Accordingly, I was unable to ascertain the accuracy and completeness of the TMA Cash at bank balance of \$394,430 as at 31 December 2015.

Trust Account Statement of Receipt and Payments

4. The closing balance of the Trust Account Statement of Receipts and Payments of \$456,998 did not correspond to the Cash at Bank FMIS general ledger balance of \$968,582. Accordingly, I am unable to ascertain the accuracy and completeness of the Main Trust Fund balance as at 31 December 2015.

Statement of Loss

5. The Ministry did not carry out a Board of Survey for 2015. In the absence of a Board of Survey Report, the losses of fixed assets, if any, that occurred during the year could not be substantiated. Furthermore, the Ministry's loss report for 2015 did not include losses for the months of January to June. Consequently, I was not able to verify the accuracy and completeness of the Statement of Losses.

Qualified Audit Opinion

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matters referred to in the basis for qualified opinion paragraphs,

- (a) the financial statements present fairly, in accordance with the accounting policies stated in Note 2, the financial performance of the Ministry of Agriculture for the year ended 31 December 2015.
- (b) the financial statements give the information required by the Financial Management Act 2004 in the manner so required.

2h'h-h'

Atunaisa Nadakuitavuki for AUDITOR GENERAL

Suva, Fiji



08 August 2016

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE MANAGEMENT CERTIFICATE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

We certify that these financial statements:

- a) fairly reflect the financial operations and performance of the Ministry of Agriculture and its financial position for the year ended 31 December 2015; and
- b) have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Financial Management Act 2004 and the Finance Instructions 2010.

Jitendra Singh Permanent Secretary for Agriculture

Date: 23/16

(Sikeli N. Baleisuva A/Principal Accountant

Date: 28/7/16.

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Notes	2015	2014
REVENUE			
Agricultural produce & Inspection	Fees	92	2,345
License		75,359	60,427
Meat Inspection		23,635	20,484
Veterinary and Animal Quarantin	e	13,865	32,470
Sale of Sheep and Wool		33,872	-
Rest house		12,520	6,736
Rental for quarters		59,269	80,495
Registration		3,954	4,845
Commission		24,738	13,790
Sale of farm produce		44,763	97,665
Miscellaneous revenue		258,764	293,771
Overpayment recoveries		37,335	-
Water charges		1,169	4,380
Rural electrification		1,629	-
Total Revenue	3(a)	590,964	617,408

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE (CONT'D) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Notes	2015	2014
		5	\$
EXPENDITURE			
Established staff	3(b)	13,336,531	13,143,921
Government wage earners	3(c)	5,704,307	6,001,018
Travel and communications		747,722	813,229
Maintenance & operations		2,001,578	2,291,822
Purchase of goods and services		608,131	1,078,682
Operating grants and transfers	3(d)	1,810,254	3,680,398
Special expenditures		2,037,870	1,252,880
Total Operating Expenditure		26,246,393	28,261,950
Capital construction	3(e)	15,925,337	17,707,996
Capital purchase		389,914	325,847
Capital grants and transfers	3(f)	6,992,224	7,295,128
Total Capital Expenditure		23,307,475	25,328,971
Value Added Tax		3,021,994	3,480,184
Total Expenditure		52,575,862	57,071,105

APPROPRIATION STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

SEG	Item	Budget Estimate	Appropriation Changes	Revised Estimate	Actual Expenditure	Carry - over	Lapsed Appropriation
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1	Established Staff	14,162,446		14,162,446	13,336,531		825,915
2	Government Wage Earners	6,112,800		6,112,800	5,704,307	-	408,493
3	Travel & Communication	791,377	5 4 (791,377	747,722		43,655
4	Maintenance & Operations	2,170,340		2,170,340	2,001,578		168,762
5 6	Purchase of Goods & Services Operating Grants & Transfers	704,800 2,221,000		704,800 2,221,000	608,131 1,810,254		96,669 410,746
7	Special Expenditure	2,339,980		2,339,980	2,037,870		302,110
	Total Operating Costs	28,502,743		28,502,743	26,246,393		2,256,350
	Capital Expenditure						
8	Construction	22,086,000	-	22,086,000	15,925,337	¥2	6,160,663
9	Purchases	920,000		920,000	389,914	1.1	530,086
10	Grants & Transfers	9,130,000	(*)	9,130,000	6,992,224	1.7	2,137,776
	Total Capital Expenditure	32,136,000	•	32,136,000	23,307,475	-	8,828,525
13	Value Added Tax	4,333,488		4,333,488	3,021,994	.7	1,311,494
	TOTAL EXPENDITURE	64,972,231		64,972,231	52,575,862		12,396,369

CONSOLIDATED TRADING AND MANUFACTURING ACCOUNT (TMA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

		2015	2014
MANUFACTURING ACCOUNT		\$	\$
Opening Raw Material			
Purchases	-	1,035,006	1,122,045
		1,035,006	1,122,045
Less: Closing Raw Material			
Raw Material Used	-	1,035,006	1,122,045
Add: Direct Labour	-	7,858	15,071
Cost of Manufacturing Goods transferred to Trading Account		1,042,864	1,137,116
TRADING ACCOUNT			
Sales	3(g)	1,239,504	1,295,692
Opening stock of finished goods		1,014,577	1,058,578
Add: Cost of manufacturing goods	-	1,042,864	1,137,116
		2,057,441	2,195,694
Less: Closing stock of finished goods		709,078	1,014,577
Cost of finished goods sold		1,348,363	1,181,117
Add: Other Income		773	
Gross (Loss)/Profit	((108,086)	114,575

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COSOLIDATED TMA PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	2015 \$	2014 \$
INCOME		
Gross (Loss)/Profit transferred from Trading A/C	(108,086)	114,575
Total Income	(108,086)	114,575
EXPENSE		
Travelling & Communication Expenses	8,672	39,495
Maintenance & Operation	281,478	339,284
Other Expenses	42,089	153,846
Total Expense 3(h	1) 332,239	532,625
Net (Loss)/Profit	(440,325)	(418,050)

COSOLIDATED TMA BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

	2015 \$	2014 \$
LIABILITY	Ŷ	
Deposits & Retention	(22,113)	-
Total Liability	(22,113)	
EQUITY		
TMA Surplus Capital Retained	1,845,486	2,263,536
Net (Loss)/Profit	(440,325)	(418,985)
Write Off	(255,813)	
	1,149,348	1,844,551
TMA Surplus transferred to Consolidated Fund	(23,727)	220,629
Total Equity	1,125,621	2,065,180
Total Liability and Equities	1,103,508	2,065,180
ASSETS		
Cash	394,430	1,031,806
Accounts receivable		18,797
Finished goods	709,078	1,014,577
Total Assets	1,103,508	2,065,180

LAND WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND LAND RESETTLEMENT PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT TRUST ACCOUNT STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
RECEIPTS		
Retention Money	269,813	656,559
Total Receipts	269,813	656,559
PAYMENTS		
Retention Money	203,063	589,809
Total Payments	203,063	589,809
Surplus	66,750	66,750
Opening Balance at 1 January	390,248	323,498
Closing Balance as at 31 December	456,998	390,248

STATEMENT OF LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

Loss of Assets (Livestock)

Loss of livestock resulted from death of sheep, pig and cattle. The losses do not include submissions for write offs from the annual board of survey.

Description	2015 (\$)	2014 (\$)
Sheep	7,008	10,661
Pig	525	3,086
Cattle	1,250	2,370
Goat	1,274	1,063
Chicken	4,109	1,581
	14,166	18,761

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

NOTE 1 REPORTING ENTITY

The Ministry of Agriculture focus on diversifying, be market driven and improvements in its service delivery to realise the sector's full potential. Diversification into niche export and domestic markets is therefore necessary thus priority will be given to: facilitating private sector involvement in the development of agri-business; capacity building of farmers to raise levels of production from semi-subsistence to commercial levels; enhancement of Agricultural linkages; and promote food security and ensure sound land management and development.

NOTE 2 STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of Accounting/Presentation

In accordance with Government accounting policies, the financial statements of the Ministry of Agriculture is prepared on cash basis of accounting. All payments related to purchases of fixed assets have been expensed.

The financial statements are presented in accordance with the Financial Management Act and the requirements of Section 71(1) of the Finance Instruction 2010. The preparation and presentation of a Statement of Assets and Liabilities is not required under the current Government policies, except for that of the Trading and Manufacturing Accounts.

b) Accounting for Value Added Tax (VAT)

All income and expenses are VAT exclusive. The Ministry on a monthly basis takes out VAT output on total money received for expenditure from Ministry of Finance. VAT input on the other hand is claimed on payments made to the suppliers and sub-contractors for expenses incurred.

The VAT payment as per the consolidated statement of receipts and expenditure relates to the VAT input claimed on payments made to the suppliers and sub-contractors for expenses incurred and VAT payments to FRCA. Actual amount paid to FRCA during the year represent the difference between VAT Output and VAT Input.

c) Comparative Figures

Where necessary, amounts relating to prior years have been reclassified to facilitate comparison and achieve consistency in disclosure with current year amounts.

d) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised when actual cash is received by the Ministry.

e) Consolidated Trading and Manufacturing Activity

The consolidated Trading and Manufacturing Activity consist of Commercial Undertaking Livestock, Crop Extension, Machinery Operation Hire and Fuel & Oil operation.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

NOTE 3 SIGNIFICANT VARIATIONS

- (a) Total Revenue collected dropped by \$26,444 in 2015 mainly due to the enforcement of the rent deduction percentage from 8% to 4%.
 - (b) Established Staff increase by \$218,611 in 2015 compared to 2014. The increase in expenditure was a result more vacant positions were filled in 2015. There were also approved leave compensation and overtime payments made in the same year.
- (c) General Wage Earners expenditure decreased by \$296,711 in 2015 compared to 2014. The decrease is a direct result in the prudent management of overtime hour and overtime compensation.
- (d) Operating Grants and Transfers expenditure decreased by \$1,870,144 as a result of the reduction in the budget for SEG 6. Biosecurity Authority of Fiji grants of \$1.6 million was reduced from the 2015 budget Authority.
- (e) Capital Construction expenditure decreased by \$1,782,659 in 2015 mainly due to difficulty faced by officers in trying to implement capital programs. Problems such as difficulties in obtaining reputable companies to provide services specifically in projects where construction of farm roads and repair and maintenances of quarters are involved and the delay from the suppliers due to non-availability of required materials.

Capital programs undertaken during the year were mainly related to the Crop Extension Services, Livestock Extension Services, Research, Irrigation Improvement and Land, Drainage and Flood Protection services provided by the Ministry.

- (f) Capital Grants and Transfers decreased by \$302,904 in 2015 compared to 2014. It was mainly attributed to delay in the implementation of the Land clearing project and Beef multiplication program.
- (g) The TMA sales decreased by \$56,188 in 2015 compared to 2014.
- (h) The TMA expenses decreased by \$200,386 as there were no purchase of new truck or renovations like in 2014.





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